Safety Data Sheet

HiTEC® 7169 Performance Additive

SDS no. H7169

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : HiTEC® 7169 Performance Additive

Product use : Petrochemical industry: Lubricating Oil Additive.

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In case of emergency - Chemical

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+65-3158-1349 (Asia Pacific)
+61-290372994 (Australia)
4001-204937 (China)
+81-345209637 (Japan)
00-308-13-2549 (South Korea)
+1-703-741-5979 (Spanish language)
+44-870-8200418 (UK)
1-800-424-9300 (US & Canada)

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May be harmful if swallowed.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : Collect spillage. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : When heated above 90°C (194°F), thermal decomposition may occur producing CO, CO2, phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/ oxides, hydrogen sulfide.

Please note some GHS hazard classifications listed above may not be applicable in your country or region and are shown for informational purposes only.

For other GHS hazard classifications not listed above, the classification is not applicable in your region.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	%	GHS Classification	Type

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	84605-29-8	≥75 - ≤85	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	[1]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	≥5 - ≤10	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	[1] [2]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	≥5 - ≤10	Not classified.	[2]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	≥5 - ≤10	Not classified.	[2]

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Please note some GHS hazard classifications listed above may not be applicable in your country or region and are shown for informational purposes only.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Skin contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO_2.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
phosphorus oxides
metal oxide/oxides
Hydrogen sulphide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Take precautions to limit storage vessel surface temperature to below 121°C (250°F).

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

HazChem Code (Australia) : 3Z

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

The following information is provided for health and safety purposes. Please refer to individual product specification documents for quality-related storage and handling.
Preferred storage temperature is between ambient and 70°C.
Exposure to elevated temperatures will increase the rate of hydrogen sulfide (H2S) and mercaptan generation.
Temperatures above 90°C should be avoided unless an appropriate engineering review has been conducted on the process.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	**Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).** TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	**Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).** TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	**Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).** TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Hand Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves. Nitrile gloves of minimum thickness 0.4 mm have an expected breakthrough time of 480 minutes or less when in frequent contact with the product. Due to variable exposure conditions the user must consider that the practical use of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time above. Manufacturer's directions for use, especially about the minimum thickness and the minimum breakthrough time, must be observed. This information does not replace suitability tests by the end user since glove protection varies depending on the conditions under which the product is used.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Yellow. Green. to Amber. (Clear.) [Light]

Odour : Sweet. Aromatic.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 110°C (230°F) [Pensky-Martens Minimum]

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.

Vapour pressure : Not available.

Relative vapour density : Not available.

Vapour density : Not available.

Density : 1.113 g/cm³ [59°F (15°C)]

Relative density : 1.115

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): 170 mm^2/s (170 cSt) Minimum

9.5 cSt @ 100°C

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : High temperatures, sparks, and open flames.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising and reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products : Hydrogen sulphide

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>2.3 mg/l	4 hours	-
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2002 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	3100 mg/kg	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	-
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
	None available.	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : May be harmful if swallowed.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	Not H319 at <15%. On basis of test data. Not H318 at <20%. On basis of test data.
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Irritant	Not H315 at <15%. On basis of test data.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum),	405 Acute Eye	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a

Section 11. Toxicological information

solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	Irritation/Corrosion			similar substance.
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.

Skin : Causes skin irritation.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive	WOE does not support classification
	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	474 Mammalian	Experiment: In vivo	Negative	Based on data for a

Section 11. Toxicological information

	Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal		similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	78 weeks	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	78 weeks	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	78 weeks	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL	Based on data for a similar substance.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Dermal	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure : Skin, Eyes, Ingestion, and Inhalation

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhoea.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat	160 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.05 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	125 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Rat	30 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.15 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.22 mg/l	4 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.15 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.22 mg/l	28 days	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	Based on data for a similar substance.

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Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	Acute EL50 24 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours	-
	Acute EL50 23 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	-
	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours	-
	Acute LL50 4.5 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	-
	Chronic NOEC 10 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours	-
	Chronic NOEL 0.4 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days	QSAR result.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	Based on data for a similar substance.

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	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days	QSAR result.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days	QSAR result.

Conclusion/Summary : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Remarks
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	1.5 % - Not readily - 28 days	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	0.56	-	low
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	3.9 to 6	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

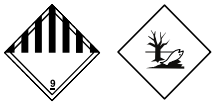
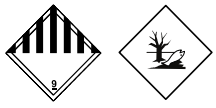
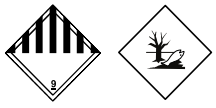
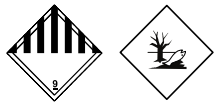
Hazardous to the ozone layer : Not applicable.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	ADG	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate) Marine pollutant	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate)
14.3 Transport hazard class (es)	9 	9 	9 	9 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III

Section 14. Transport information

14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

Hazchem code 3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

China

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Singapore

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

Australia

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not applicable.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Japan

Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category
Category IV	Class III petroleums	III

Industrial Safety and Health Act

Label Requirements and Chemicals Requiring Notification

Ingredient name	%
Mineral oil	≥15 - ≤25

Section 15. Regulatory information

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

None of the components are listed.

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

Japan - Water Pollution Control Law

Ingredient name
Zinc compounds
n-Hexane Extracts (mineral oil)

Korea

Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) : None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

Regulation according to K-REACH/CCA

	Chemical name	%	Remarks
K-REACH/CCA Toxic chemicals	: None of the components are listed.		

K-REACH/CCA - Banned : None of the components are listed.

K-REACH/CCA - Restricted : None of the components are listed.

K-REACH/CCA Article - TRI : The following components are listed: Zinc and its compounds

Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act : **Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid
Item: 5. Class 3 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid
Threshold: 2000 L
Danger category: III
Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

International Inventory Status

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Europe : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).

Japan : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.

Switzerland : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).

Turkey : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

United Kingdom (UK) : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).

United States Active : All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/12/2022

EHS Department (Tel: +1 804 788 5800)

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations
WOE = Weight of Evidence

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	Calculation method

Toxicological and Ecotoxicological Test Data Summary(s) : CORR_A21

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

This information and these recommendations are offered in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Information and recommendations are supplied upon the condition that the recipients will make their own decision as to safety and suitability for their purposes. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other nature, are made with respect to the product or the information and recommendations. Afton makes no representation as to completeness or accuracy. In no event will Afton be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use or reliance upon the information and recommendations.