



# Safety Data Sheet

**HiTEC® 8703 Performance Additive**

**SDS no.** H8703

## Section 1. Identification

**Product identifier** : HiTEC® 8703 Performance Additive  
**Product use** : Petrochemical industry: Lubricating Oil Additive.  
**Date of issue/Revisions** : 18 May 2023

### In case of emergency - Chemical

+1-703-527-3887 (International)  
+65-3158-1349 (Asia Pacific)  
+61-290372994 (Australia)  
4001-204937 (China)  
+81-345209637 (Japan)  
00-308-13-2549 (South Korea)  
+1-703-741-5979 (Spanish language)  
+44-870-8200418 (UK)  
1-800-424-9300 (US & Canada)

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 1B  
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3  
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May damage fertility.  
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : When heated above 90°C (194°F), thermal decomposition may occur producing CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/ oxides, hydrogen sulfide.

**Please note some GHS hazard classifications listed above may not be applicable in your country or region and are shown for informational purposes only.**

**For other GHS hazard classifications not listed above, the classification is not applicable in your region.**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	CAS number	%	GHS Classification	Type
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	≥15 - ≤25	Not classified.	[2]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	≥10 - ≤15	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	[1] [2]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	≥5 - ≤10	Not classified.	[2]
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	84605-29-8	≥5 - ≤10	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	[1]
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	Proprietary	≥5 - ≤10	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	[1]
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	68649-42-3	≥5 - ≤7.3	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	[1]
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	68855-45-8	≥3 - ≤5	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4	[1]
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	36878-20-3	≥1 - ≤3	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3	[1]
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives	74499-35-7	≥0.3 - ≤0.5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 1B SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 (M=10) LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 (M=10)	[1]

**There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Please note some GHS hazard classifications listed above may not be applicable in your country or region and are shown for informational purposes only.

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
phosphorus oxides  
metal oxide/oxides  
Hydrogen sulphide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Take precautions to limit storage vessel surface temperature to below 121°C (250°F).

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

The following information is provided for health and safety purposes. Please refer to individual product specification documents for quality-related storage and handling. Preferred storage temperature is between ambient and 70°C.

Exposure to elevated temperatures will increase the rate of hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) and mercaptan generation.

Temperatures above 90°C should be avoided unless an appropriate engineering review has been conducted on the process.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<b>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). [Oil mist, refined mineral]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<b>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). [Oil mist, refined mineral]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	<b>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). [Oil mist, refined mineral]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Mist

### Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Hand Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves. Nitrile gloves of minimum thickness 0.4 mm have an expected breakthrough time of 480 minutes or less when in frequent contact with the product. Due to variable exposure conditions the user must consider that the practical use of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time above. Manufacturer's directions for use, especially about the minimum thickness and the minimum breakthrough time, must be observed. This information does not replace suitability tests by the end user since glove protection varies depending on the conditions under which the product is used.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Viscous]
- Colour** : Brown. [Dark]
- Odour** : Petroleum. [Slight]
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 120°C (248°F) [Minimum Pensky-Martens]
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Relative vapour density** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Density** : 1.014 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [59°F (15°C)]
- Relative density** : 1.016
- Solubility(ies)** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.



## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): 220 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (220 cSt) Minimum  
14 cSt @ 100°C

**Explosive properties** : Not available.

**Oxidising properties** : Not available.

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : High temperatures, sparks, and open flames.

**Incompatible materials** : Strong oxidising and reducing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Hydrogen sulphide

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	Based on data for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance.
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	-
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
	None available.	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>2.3 mg/l	4 hours	-
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2002 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	3100 mg/kg	-	-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	None available.	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>2 mg/l	1 hours	Based on data for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13800 mg/kg	-	
	None available.	LD50 Oral	Rat	3600 mg/kg	-	
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>1.67 mg/l	1 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15000 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	2200 mg/kg	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Not an Irritant	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	Not H319 at <15%. On basis of test data. Not H318 at <20%. On basis of test data.
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Irritant	Not H315 at <15%. On basis of test data.
	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Irritant	-
	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	Not H319 at <15%. On basis of test data. Not H318 at <20%. On basis of test data.
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Irritant	Not H315 at <15%. On basis of test data
	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	-
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Not an Irritant	-
	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Not an Irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Visible necrosis	-
	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Visible necrosis	-

**Skin** : Causes skin irritation. Based on test data for this or similar products.

**Eyes** : Causes serious eye irritation. Based on test data for this or similar products.

**Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	-
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	-
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) deriva-	406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not	-

## Section 11. Toxicological information

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### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive	WOE does not support classification
	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive	Based on data for a similar substance. WOE does not support classification
	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Equivocal	Based on data for a similar substance. WOE does not support
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Equivocal	Based on data for a similar substance. WOE does not support

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	classification Based on data for a similar substance.	
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative		Based on data for a similar substance.
	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative		Based on data for a similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative		Based on data for a similar substance.
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives	478 Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative		Based on data for a similar substance.
	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-	
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-	

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	78 weeks	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	78 weeks	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	78 weeks	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL	Based on data for a similar substance.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Dermal	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar

## Section 11. Toxicological information

iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test						substance.
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	415 One- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat - Male	Positive	Negative	Equivocal	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Positive	Negative	Negative	-
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) deriva-tives	416 Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Oral	Rat	Positive	Positive	Positive	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : May damage fertility.

### Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Equivocal - Oral	WOE does not support classification Based on data for a similar substance.
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Oral	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Skin, Eyes, Ingestion, and Inhalation

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhoea.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	125 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Rat	30 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.15 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.22 mg/l	4 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.05 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.15 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.22 mg/l	28 days	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat	160 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rat	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	-
	407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	500 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	-
	412 Repeated Dose Inhalation Toxicity: 28-day or 14-day Study	Rat	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	28 days	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	407 Repeated Dose	Rat	125 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute	Based on data



## Section 11. Toxicological information

Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	250 mg/kg	-	NOAEL Oral	for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance.
	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study				NOAEL Dermal	
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	300 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
	408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives	408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	100 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	-
	407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	60 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	-
	416 Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Rat	15 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	-
	408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	100 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : May damage fertility.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days	QSAR result.
Distillates (petroleum),	Acute EL50 >10000	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Based on data

## Section 12. Ecological information

solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	mg/l				for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days		Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days		QSAR result.
	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days		QSAR result.
	Acute EL50 24 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours		-
	Acute EL50 23 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		-
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours		-
	Acute LL50 4.5 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		-
	Chronic NOEC 10 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours		-
	Chronic NOEL 0.4 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days		-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia	96 hours		-
	Acute EL50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours		No effects at saturation.
	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >10000 mg/l	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours		-
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours		No effects at saturation.
	Acute EL50 2.1 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute EL50 5.4 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours		Based on data for a similar substance.

## Section 12. Ecological information

Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	Acute LL50 4.5 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	Based on data for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance.	
	Chronic NOEL 1 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours		
	Chronic NOEL 0.4 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days		
	bis(nonylphenyl)amine	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours	-
		Acute EL50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours	-
		Acute EL50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	-
		Acute LL50 >1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	-
		Chronic NOEL 220 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours	-
		Acute EL50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	-
		Acute EL50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	-
Acute IC50 >100 mg/l		Micro-organism	3 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.	
Acute LL50 >100 mg/l		Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.	
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives		Chronic EL10 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	-
	Chronic EL10 4.12 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphnia magna	21 days	-	
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	34 days	-	
	Acute EL50 0.36 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours	-	
	Acute EL50 0.037 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	-	
	Acute EL50 >1000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours	-	
	Acute LL50 40 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	-	
	Chronic NOEL 0.07 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours	-	
	Chronic NOEL 0.0037 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	-	

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Persistence and degradability

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	1.5 % - Not readily - 28 days	-
Calcium long-chain alkaryl sulfonate	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	8 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphate	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	1.5 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
Phenol, dodecyl-, sulfurized, calcium salts	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	13.4 % - Not readily - 28 days	-
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	24 % - Not readily - 28 days	-
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	6 to 25 % - Not readily - 28 days	-

### Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	3.9 to 6	-	high
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis (1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	0.56	-	low
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	3.64 to 7.02	1730	high
phenol, (tetrapropenyl) derivatives	-	289 to 1601	high

### Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.
- Mobility** : Not available.
- Hazardous to the ozone layer** : Not applicable.
- Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

- Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	ADG	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class (es)</b>	-	-	-	-

## Section 14. Transport information

<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### China

#### List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

#### List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

### Singapore

#### Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

Ingredient name	Status
Anionic surface active agent	Listed

### Australia

#### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not applicable.

#### Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

### Japan

#### Fire Service Law

Category	Substance name/Type	Danger category
Category IV	Class III petroleum	III

#### Industrial Safety and Health Act

#### Label Requirements and Chemicals Requiring Notification

Ingredient name	%
Mineral oil	≥35 - ≤45

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

None of the components are listed.

### Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

None of the components are listed.

### Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

None of the components are listed.

### Japan - Water Pollution Control Law

#### **Ingredient name**

n-Hexane Extracts (mineral oil)  
Linear Benzenesulfonic acid and its salt  
Zinc compounds  
Phenol derivative compounds

## Korea

### Regulation according to ISHA

**ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)** : None of the components are listed.

**ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)** : None of the components are listed.

**Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)** : The following components are listed: zinc and its compounds

### Regulation according to K-REACH/CCA

	<b>Chemical name</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Remarks</b>
<b>K-REACH/CCA Toxic chemicals</b>	: diphenylamine	<0.1	Impurity

**K-REACH/CCA - Banned** : None of the components are listed.

**K-REACH/CCA - Restricted** : None of the components are listed.

**K-REACH/CCA Article - TRI** : The following components are listed: Zinc and its compounds

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act** : **Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid  
**Item:** 5. Class 3 petroleum - Water-insoluble liquid  
**Threshold:** 2000 L  
**Danger category:** III  
**Signal word:** Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

### New Zealand

**HSNO Approval Number** : HSR002605

### International Inventory Status

**Australia (AIIC)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**Canada (DSL/NDSL)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**China (IECSC)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**Europe (REACH)** : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).  
**Japan (ENCS)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**Republic of Korea (ECL)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**New Zealand (NZIoC)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**Philippines (PICCS)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**Switzerland (SWISS)** : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).  
**Turkey (KKDIK)** : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).  
**Taiwan (TCSI)** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**United Kingdom (UK REACH)** : For information on compliance with this regulation please contact your Afton representative (EHS.CustomerVolumes@AftonChemical.com).  
**United States Active (TSCA)** : All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 5/18/2023

EHS Department (Tel: +1 804 788 5800)

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations  
WOE = Weight of Evidence

### Procedure used to derive the classification



## Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility) - Category 1B	Calculation method
SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method
LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3	Calculation method

**Toxicological and Ecotoxicological Test Data Summary(s)** : CMR\_A1, CORR\_A21, SEN\_A7

### Toxicological and Ecotoxicological Test Data Summary(s)

#### Data Summary(s)

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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