

# Safety Data Sheet

## Hazardous, Dangerous Goods

### 1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product name:** Aluminium Cleaner & Brightener

**Synonyms**

Aluminium Clean & Bright 200L  
Aluminium Clean & Bright 20L  
Aluminium Clean & Bright 5L

**Bar Code**

16-04-0870-200  
16-04-0870-20  
16-04-0870-5

**Recommended use:** ALUMINIUM CLEANER & BRIGHTENER is a clear, colourless, concentrated liquid acid detergent which has been formulated especially for cleaning and brightening of aluminium and cleaning of stainless steel surfaces.

**Supplier:** Minehan Agencies Pty Ltd  
**ABN:** 21 010 895 100  
**Street Address:** 29 Camuglia Street, Garbutt,  
Townsville, QLD 4814  
Australia  
**Telephone:** 07 4774 4626  
**Facsimile:** 07 4774 4616  
**Email:** inquiry@minehanagencies.com.au

**Emergency Telephone number:** Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia GHS 7.



**Signal Word**

Danger

**Hazard Classifications**

Acute Toxicity - Oral - Category 2  
Acute Toxicity - Dermal - Category 1  
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Category 2  
Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1A  
Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

**Hazard Statements**

H290 May be corrosive to metals.  
H300 Fatal if swallowed.  
H310 Fatal in contact with skin.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H330 Fatal if inhaled.

**Prevention Precautionary Statements**

P102 Keep out of reach of children.  
P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.  
P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.  
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
P264 Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

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- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable(acid filter) respirator.

## Response Precautionary Statements

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P302+P350 IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
- P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P330 Rinse mouth.
- P361 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## Storage Precautionary Statements

- P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405 Store locked up.

## Disposal Precautionary Statement

- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Poison Schedule:** S7. Dangerous Poison

## DANGEROUS GOOD CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

**Dangerous Goods Class:** 8

**Subrisk 1:** 6.1

## 3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO	PROPORTION
		100%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If victim is conscious, administer effervescent calcium gluconate tablets as per instructions for ingestion. If patient finds breathing difficult and develops a bluish discolouration of the skin (which suggests a lack of oxygen in the blood - cyanosis), ensure airways are clear of any obstruction and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. Apply artificial respiration if patient is not breathing. Seek immediate medical advice.

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**Skin Contact:** Immediately remove contaminated clothing using PVC gloves and drench the area with water for 1-2 minutes (usually) to remove all acid. Obtain a supply of calcium gluconate gel. Apply calcium gluconate gel (2.5-3%) to and around the contaminated area with gloved fingers. Continued massage with repeated application for 15 minutes after the pain has subsided or until medical treatment is available. For large or severe burns (affecting an area more than 65 cm<sup>2</sup>, approximately half the size of an adult hand) administer effervescent calcium gluconate tablets as per instructions for ingestion. Destroy all contaminated clothing. Seek immediate medical assistance.

**Eye contact:** If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

**Ingestion:** Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If victim is conscious, give four 600mg or five 500mg effervescent calcium gluconate tablets. Where calcium gluconate tablets are only available in other active strength levels, the total active concentration should be approximately 2400- 2500mg. Seek immediate medical assistance.

**PPE for First Aiders:** Wear safety shoes, overalls, gloves, chemical goggles, respirator. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from butyl rubber, natural rubber, nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

**Notes to physician:** Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of patient. Can cause corneal burns. Delayed pulmonary oedema may result. HF Concentration: 1 - 8 Hours 0 - 20% Delay In Symptoms: > 50 % Up to 24 Hours. Immediately Apparent 20 - 50 %

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Hazchem Code:** 2X

**Suitable extinguishing media:** If material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), alcohol resistant foam, standard foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

**Specific hazards:** Non-combustible material.

**Fire fighting further advice:** Not applicable.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapours or dust. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

### LARGE SPILLS

Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

**Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide No:** 37

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**Handling:** Ensure an eye bath and safety shower are available and ready for use. Obtain a supply of calcium gluconate gel.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat and/or ignition. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Keep container standing upright. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Class 8 Corrosive, Division 6.1 Toxic Substance as per the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and/or the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land" and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

This material is a Scheduled Poison Schedule 7 (Dangerous Poison) and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### National occupational exposure limits:

	TWA		STEL		NOTICES
	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Hydrogen fluoride (as F)	3 Peak limitation	2.6 Peak limitation	-	-	-
Sulphuric acid	-	1	-	3	-

As published by Safe Work Australia.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

**Biological Limit Values:** As per the "National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)" the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

**Engineering Measures:** Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use only in well ventilated areas. Use with local exhaust ventilation or while wearing appropriate respirator.

**Personal Protection Equipment:** SAFETY SHOES, OVERALLS, GLOVES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, RESPIRATOR.



Personal protective equipment (PPE) must be suitable for the nature of the work and any hazard associated with

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the work as identified by the risk assessment conducted.

Wear safety shoes, overalls, gloves, chemical goggles, respirator. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from butyl rubber, natural rubber, nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CONSUMER USE:

When using respirator(half or full face type), acid gas and vapour type filters should be used

**Hygiene measures:** Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid contact with clothing. Avoid eye contact and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Base Units:** Litres  
**Form:** Liquid  
**Colour:** Clear  
**Odour:** Faint

**Solubility:** Soluble  
**Specific Gravity:** 1.2  
**Relative Vapour Density (air=1):** >1  
**Boiling Point/Range (°C):** >100  
**pH:** <1.0  
**Evaporation Rate (n-Butyl acetate=1):** <1  
**% Volatile by Volume:** 75

(Typical values only - consult specification sheet)  
N Av = Not available, N App = Not applicable

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical stability:** This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

**Conditions to avoid:** Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials:** Incompatible with glass, leather, natural rubber, most metals, fluorine, arsenic trioxide, sulphides, carbonates, cyanides, alkaline substances, and sources of ignition.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

**Hazardous reactions:** Corrosive to most metals liberating flammable hydrogen gas. Contact with chemicals such as sulphides, carbonates, cyanides, and many metals can evolve toxic, flammable or asphyxiating gases. Reaction with alkaline substances will generate heat.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

### Acute Effects

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A.B.N. 21 010 895 100

**Inhalation:** Fatal if inhaled. Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

**Skin contact:** Fatal in contact with skin. Can be absorbed through the skin with resultant toxic effects. Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns.

**Ingestion:** Fatal if swallowed. Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the gastrointestinal tract.

**Eye contact:** A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes: contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.

## Acute toxicity

**Inhalation:** This material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients):  $0.5 < LC_{50} \leq 2.0$  mg/L for vapours or  $0.05 < LC_{50} \leq 0.5$  mg/L for dust and mist.

**Skin contact:** This material has been classified as a Category 1 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients):  $LD_{50} \leq 50$  mg/Kg bw

**Ingestion:** This material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients):  $5 < LD_{50} \leq 50$  mg/Kg bw

**Corrosion/Irritancy:** Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 1 Hazard (irreversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 1A Hazard (irreversible effects to skin).

**Sensitisation:** Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as not a skin sensitiser.

**Aspiration hazard:** This material has been classified as not an aspiration hazard.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):** This material has been classified as not a specific hazard to target organs by a single exposure.

## Chronic Toxicity

**Mutagenicity:** This material has been classified as not a mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity:** This material has been classified as not a carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation):** This material has been classified as not a reproductive toxicant.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure):** This material has been classified as not a specific hazard to target organs by repeat exposure.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

**Acute aquatic hazard:** This material has been classified as not hazardous for acute aquatic exposure. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients):  $> 100$  mg/L

**Long-term aquatic hazard:** This material has been classified as not hazardous for chronic aquatic exposure. Non-rapidly or rapidly degradable substance for which there are adequate chronic toxicity data available OR in the absence of chronic toxicity data, Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients):  $>100$  mg/L, where the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or  $BCF < 500$  and/or  $\log K_{ow} < 4$ .

**Ecotoxicity:** No information available.

**Persistence and degradability:** No information available.



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**Bioaccumulative potential:** No information available.

**Mobility:** No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

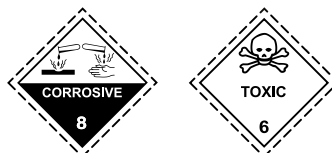
Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".



**UN No:** 2922  
**Dangerous Goods Class:** 8  
**Subrisk 1:** 6.1  
**Packing Group:** II  
**Hazchem Code:** 2X  
**Emergency Response Guide No:** 37  
**Limited Quantities** 1 L

**Proper Shipping Name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

**Segregation Dangerous Goods:** Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), dangerous when wet substances (Class 4.3), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), radioactive substances (Class 7) or food and food packaging in any quantity. Note 1: Concentrated strong alkalis are incompatible with concentrated strong acids. Note 2: Concentrated strong acids are incompatible with concentrated strong alkalis. Note 3: Acids are incompatible with Dangerous Goods of Class 6 which are cyanides. Exemptions may apply.

### MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.



**UN No:** 2922  
**Dangerous Goods Class:** 8  
**Subrisk 1:** 6.1  
**Packing Group:** II

**Proper Shipping Name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

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## AIR TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.



**UN No:** 2922  
**Dangerous Goods Class:** 8  
**Subrisk 1:** 6.1  
**Packing Group:** II

**Proper Shipping Name:** CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances)  
The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)  
The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)  
International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

### This material is subject to the following international agreements:

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

- Wastes from the production, formulation and use of organic solvents

### This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

The Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) established under the Therapeutic Goods Act (Commonwealth): S7. Dangerous Poison.

AICIS Status: AICS listed pure substance.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason for issue: 5 Yearly Revision

This information was prepared in good faith from the best information available at the time of issue. It is based on the present level of research and to this extent we believe it is accurate. However, no guarantee of accuracy is made or implied and since conditions of use are beyond our control, all information relevant to usage is offered without warranty. The manufacturer will not be held responsible for any unauthorised use of this information or for any modified or altered versions.

If you are an employer it is your duty to tell your employees, and any others that may be affected, of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure you have a current copy.