

# Hazardous Substance, Dangerous Goods

1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

# Product name: 708-W0050 Feast Watson Glass Finish Hardener

Synonyms: Feast Watson Glass Finish Hardener, 250mL Feast Watson Glass Finish Hardener, 500mL **Product Code** 708W0050-250ML 708W0050-500ML Bar Code 9300611513090 9300611513106

**Recommended use:** A two-pack epoxy designed for small projects (Decoupage, picture frames, etc) and for larger bench tops (coffee tables, bars, etc). Applied by brush, roller, pad or spray.

Supplier:	Cabot's New Zealand, a division of
	DuluxGroup (New Zealand) Pty Ltd
ABN:	55 133 404 118 / Co. 2355191
Street Address:	150 Hutt Park Road
	Lower Hutt
	New Zealand
Telephone:	0800 800 424

Emergency telephone number: Australia – 1800 033 111

New Zealand - 0800 734 607

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to health criteria of EPA New Zealand

EPA Group Standard: Surface Coatings and Colourants (Corrosive) Group Standard 2006; HSR002658



Signal Word Danger

### **HSNO Hazard Classification**

- 6.1D Substances that are acutely toxic
- 6.5B Substances that are contact sensitisers
- 8.2B Substances that are corrosive to dermal tissue
- 8.3A Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue
- 9.1B Substances that are ecotoxic in the aquatic environment
- 9.2D Substances that are slightly harmful in the soil environment
- 9.3C Substances that are harmful to terrestrial vertebrates

## Hazard Statement(s)

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled

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- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H423 Harmful to the soil environment
- H433 Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates

# **Prevention Precautionary Statement(s)**

- P102 Keep out of reach of children
- P103 Read label before use
- P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours or spray
- P264 Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
- P273 Avoid release to the environment
- P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable respirator as required

# **Response Precautionary Statement(s)**

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P301+310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician
P301+330+331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P330	Rinse mouth
P302+352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
P303+361+353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P333+313	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P304+340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P305+351+338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician

# Storage Precautionary Statement(s)

P405 Store locked up

# **Disposal Precautionary Statement(s)**

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations

# DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

Class: 8 Corrosive



#### **3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION**

CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO.	PROPORTION
Isophorone diamine	2855-13-2 100-51-6	30 - 60%
Benzyl alcohol Bisphenol A-Epichlorhydrin reaction product	25068-38-6	30 - 60% 10 - 30%
m-Xylene a,a"-diamine	1477-55-0	1 - 10%
Nonyl phenol	25154-52-3	1 - 10%
		100%

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If breathing laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a facemask. If breathing has stopped apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice.

**Skin contact:** For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble). For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

**Eye contact:** Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport to hospital or medical centre.

**Ingestion:** Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Get to a doctor or hospital quickly.

**PPE for First Aiders:** Wear overalls, face shield, elbow-length impervious gloves, splash apron and rubber boots. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.

FEAST WATSON

### **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Hazchem Code: 2X

**Suitable extinguishing media:** If material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards: Combustible material.

**Fire fighting further advice:** On burning may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Allow absorbent to dry before disposing with normal household garbage.

### LARGE SPILLS

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

### Dangerous Goods – Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 37

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Dangerous Good Class 8 Corrosive as per the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.



# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

**National occupational exposure limits:** No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia or Department of Labour New Zealand.

However for:

	TWA		STEL		CARCINOGEN	NOTICES
	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	CATEGORY	
m-Xylene a,a"-diamine	-	0.1		Ceiling	-	Sk

As published by the Safe Work Australia or Department of Labour New Zealand.

WES-Ceiling (Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling). A concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working day.

`Sk' Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

**Biological Limit Values:** As per the "National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)" the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

**Engineering measures:** Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected. Keep containers closed when not in use.

**Personal protection equipment:** D: OVERALLS, RUBBER BOOTS, FACE SHIELD, SAFETY SHOES, GLOVES, APRON.

Wear overalls, face shield, elbow-length impervious gloves, splash apron and rubber boots. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

If risk of inhalation of exists, wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Hygiene measures:** Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid contact with clothing. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form / Colour / Odour: Clear, pale yellow liquid with a mild, amine odour.

Solubility:	Practically insoluble in water.
Relative Density (20 °C):	1.00 – 1.06
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	>1
Vapour Pressure (20 ℃):	<0.002 kPa
Flash Point (°C):	>100
Flammability Limits (%):	N Av
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	N Av
% Volatile by Volume:	N Av
Melting Point/Range (°C):	N Av
Boiling Point/Range (°C):	>200
Decomposition Point (°C):	>200
pH:	11 (50% solution)
Viscosity (40 °C):	>21 mm <sup>2</sup> /sec
Total VOC (g/Litre):	N Av

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: No reactivity hazards are known for the material.

Chemical stability: This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Incompatible with acids, alkalis and oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

#### Acute Effects

Inhalation: Material is an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

**Skin contact:** Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns. A skin sensitiser. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to allergic contact dermatitis.

**Ingestion:** Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the gastrointestinal tract.

**Eye contact:** A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes: contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.

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# Acute toxicity

**Inhalation:** This material has been classified as a Category 6.1D Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 10 - 20 mg/L

**Skin contact:** This material has been classified as a Category 6.1D Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 1,000 - 2,000 mg/Kg

**Ingestion:** This material has been classified as a Category 6.1D Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 300 - 2,000 mg/Kg

**Corrosion/Irritancy:** Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 8.3A Hazard (irreversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 8.2B Hazard (corrosive to skin).

**Sensitisation:** Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 6.5B Hazard (skin sensitiser).

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as a non-hazardous

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

# **Chronic Toxicity**

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

**Acute aquatic hazard:** This material has been classified as a Category Acute 9.1B Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 1 - 10 mg/L

Long-term aquatic hazard: No information is available to complete an assessment.

Ecotoxicity: Harmful to terrestrial species.

Persistence and degradability: Harmful to the soil environment.

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.



# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

UN No:	1760
Dangerous Goods Class:	8
Packing Group:	II
Hazchem Code:	2X
Emergency Response Guide No:	37

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ISOPHORONE DIAMINE)

**Segregation Dangerous Goods:** Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), dangerous when wet substances (Class 4.3), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), cyanides of Class 6, radioactive substances (Class 7) or food and food packaging in any quantity, however exemptions may apply. Note that concentrated strong acids are incompatible with concentrated strong alkalis.

#### **MARINE TRANSPORT**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

This material is classified as a Marine Pollutant (P) according to the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

UN No:	1760
Dangerous Goods Class:	8
Packing Group:	II

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ISOPHORONE DIAMINE)

#### **AIR TRANSPORT**

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

UN No:	1760
Dangerous Goods Class:	8
Packing Group:	II

Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ISOPHORONE DIAMINE)



# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances) The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)

## This material is subject to the following international agreements:

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

- Wastes from production, formulation and use of resins, latex, plasticizers, glues/adhesives
- International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)
  - Annex III Harmful Substances carried in Packaged Form

# This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

- The Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) established under the Therapeutic Goods Act (Commonwealth).
- All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### Literary reference

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Chemical Data Services Pty Ltd (chemdata.com.au) on behalf of its client.

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue.

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

This SDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Since DuluxGroup (Australia) Pty Ltd and DuluxGroup (New Zealand) Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for product as sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.