Safety Data Sheet

Document group:	08-6267-2	**Version number:**	7.01
Issue Date:	20/06/2018	**Supersedes date:**	29/11/2017

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

IDENTIFICATION:

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Low Odour Acrylic Adhesive DP810 Tan

Product Identification Numbers
62-3298-1435-4 62-3298-1436-2

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Structural adhesive.

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone:	136 136
E Mail:	productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website:	www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number
Company Emergency Hotline:EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component Safety Data Sheets from this cover page. The document numbers of the SDSs for components of this product are:

08-6252-4, 08-6239-1

One or more components of this KIT is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The Components of this KIT have various Dangerous Goods Transportation Classifications. Please refer to the attached component Safety Data Sheets for individual Transportation Classifications.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.
Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au

Safety Data Sheet

Document group:	08-6252-4	**Version number:**	6.00
Issue Date:	23/11/2017	**Supersedes date:**	07/04/2016

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Low Odour Acrylic Adhesive DP810 Tan and Low Odour Acrylic Adhesive 810 Tan, Part A

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Structural adhesive.

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone:	136 136
E Mail:	productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website:	www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number
EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 2.

2.2. Label elements
The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

Signal word
DANGER!

Symbols
Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms

Hazard statements

H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system | respiratory system |

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280B	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P321	Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal:

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards
None known.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification
May be harmful if swallowed.
May be harmful in contact with skin.
May be harmful if inhaled. Harmful to aquatic life.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9	10 - 40
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	10 - 30
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	10 - 30
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	5 - 20
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5	5 - 20
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	< 5
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	< 1
Cumene	98-82-8	< 1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact
Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If swallowed
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Oxides of nitrogen.	During combustion.
Toxic vapour, gas, particulate.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

Hazchem Code: •3Z

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators…) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store away from heat. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	AIHA	TWA:6 mg/m3(1 ppm)	SKIN
Cumene	98-82-8	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm	
Cumene	98-82-8	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours): 125 mg/m3 (25 ppm); STEL(15 minutes): 375 mg/m3 (75 ppm)	SKIN

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling
Sen: Sensitiser
Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Full face shield.
Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber.
Fluoroelastomer

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.
Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Appearance/Odour	white, low odour
Odour threshold	*No data available.*
pH	*Not applicable.*
Melting point/Freezing point	*Not applicable.*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	>=102.8 ºC
Flash point	102.2 ºC [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate	*No data available.*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No data available.*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No data available.*
Vapour pressure	<=13.3 Pa
Vapour density	*Not applicable.*
Density	1.07 g/ml
Relative density	1.07 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)
Solubility- non-water	*No data available.*
Autoignition temperature	*No data available.*
Decomposition temperature	*No data available.*
Viscosity	20,000 mPa-s
Molecular weight	*No data available.*
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	3.1 g/l [*Details:*when used as intended with Part B]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	0.3 % [*Details:*when used as intended with Part B]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	349 g/l [*Test Method:*tested per EPA method 24] [*Details:*as supplied]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid
Heat.
Sparks and/or flames.
Heat is generated during cure. Do not cure a mass larger than 50 grams in a confined space to prevent a premature exothermic reaction with production of intense heat and smoke.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerisation may occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Amines.
Reducing agents.
Reactive metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation
May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact
May be harmful in contact with skin.
Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye contact
Corrosive (eye burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion
May be harmful if swallowed.
Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:
Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate. Respiratory effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and respiratory failure.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg

Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Acrylate oligomer	Dermal	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylate oligomer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Dermal	Rat	LD50 500 mg/kg
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 1.4 mg/l
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 382 mg/kg
Cumene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Cumene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 39.4 mg/l
Cumene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,400 mg/kg
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	similar compounds	Irritant
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Cumene	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	similar compounds	Severe irritant
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Cumene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitising
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitising
Acrylate oligomer	Guinea pig	Not classified
Cumene	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic

2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Acrylate oligomer	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Cumene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cumene	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Cumene	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Cumene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	during organogenesis
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 12.5 mg/kg/day	50 days

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
α,α-	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational

Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide		system depression	drowsiness or dizziness		available	exposure
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Cumene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Cumene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	LOAEL 0.2 mg/l	occupational exposure
Cumene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	21 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system | heart | endocrine system | liver | immune system | nervous system | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	41 days
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Inhalation	nervous system | respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.2 mg/l	7 days
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Inhalation	heart | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.03 mg/l	90 days
Cumene	Inhalation	auditory system | endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | nervous system | eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 59 mg/l	13 weeks
Cumene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Cumene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 59 mg/l	13 weeks
Cumene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder | heart | endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | respiratory	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 769 mg/kg/day	6 months

		system				

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Cumene	Aspiration hazard

Exposure Levels
Refer Section **8.1 Control Parameters** of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects
Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:
GHS Acute 3: Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:
GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	227 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	380 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	710 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	24.1 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	160 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	710 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	380 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl	27813-02-1	Fathead	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	227 mg/l

Methacrylate		minnow				
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	24.1 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	160 mg/l
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Green algae	Endpoint not reached	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.05 mg/l
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	3.9 mg/l
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	7 mg/l
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	Green Algae	Endpoint not reached	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	Water flea	Endpoint not reached	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.34 mg/l
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	1.3 mg/l
Cumene	98-82-8	Mysid Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	1.3 mg/l
Cumene	98-82-8	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.8 mg/l
Cumene	98-82-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	2.6 mg/l
Cumene	98-82-8	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.35 mg/l
Cumene	98-82-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.22 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	70 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
2-Hydroxyethyl	868-77-9	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	95 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

methacrylate						
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	81 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	7-12 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Cumene	98-82-8	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.5 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Cumene	98-82-8	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	33 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	5.8	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.47	Other methods
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Estimated Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.97	Other methods
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	6.6	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
α,α-Dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	37	Other methods
2,2'-Methylenebis[6-tert-butyl-p-cresol]	119-47-1	Experimental BCF-Carp	60 days	Bioaccumulation factor	840	OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow-through fish test
Cumene	98-82-8	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	140	Other methods

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects
No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. If no other disposal options are available, waste product that has been completely cured or polymerized may be placed in a landfill properly designed for industrial waste.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport
UN No.: UN3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Acrylate oligomer and Cumene hydroperoxide)
Class/Division: 9
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: III
Special Instructions: Australian Dangerous Goods Code: Not subject to this code as per Special Provision AU01
Hazchem Code: •3Z
IERG: 47

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport
UN No.: UN3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Acrylate oligomer and Cumene hydroperoxide)
Class/Division: 9
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: III
Special Instructions: Not restricted, as per Special Provision A197, Environmentally Hazardous Substance Exception may apply

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport
UN No.: UN3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Acrylate oligomer and Cumene hydroperoxide)
Class/Division: 9
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: III
Marine Pollutant: Acrylate oligomer and Cumene hydroperoxide
Special Instructions: Not restricted, as per IMDG Code 2.10.2.7, Marine Pollutant Exception may apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:
The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and

are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:
Updates to several SDS sections. We encourage you to reread the SDS and review the information.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.
Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au

Safety Data Sheet

Document group:	08-6239-1	**Version number:**	6.00
Issue Date:	22/11/2017	**Supersedes date:**	07/04/2016

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Low Odour Acrylic Adhesive DP810 Tan and Low Odour Acrylic Adhesive 810 Tan, Part B

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Structural adhesive.

For Industrial or Professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
Telephone:	136 136
E Mail:	productinfo.au@mmm.com
Website:	www.3m.com.au

1.4. Emergency telephone number
EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements
The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

Signal word
DANGER!

Symbols
Corrosion | Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

Hazard statements

H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280B	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P321	Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

Disposal:

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards
None known.

2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification
May be harmful if swallowed.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	10 - 30
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	10 - 30
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	10 - 30

PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9	10 - 30
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5	5 - 20
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	52628-03-2	< 4
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	< 1
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	< 1

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact
Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If swallowed
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Oxides of nitrogen.	During combustion.
Toxic vapour, gas, particulate.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

Hazchem Code: •3Z

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
For industrial or professional use only. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store away from heat. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m3	
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	SKIN
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	Australia OELs	TWA(8 hours):5 mg/m3	SKIN

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling
Sen: Sensitiser
Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Full face shield.
Indirect vented goggles.

Select and use eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1336. Eye protection should comply with the performance specifications of AS/NZS 1337.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.
Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Appearance/Odour	slight fragrance, green
Odour threshold	*No data available.*
pH	*Not applicable.*
Melting point/Freezing point	*Not applicable.*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	> 93 ºC
Flash point	> 93.3 ºC [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	*No data available.*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No data available.*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No data available.*
Vapour pressure	<=13.3 Pa
Vapour density	*No data available.*
Density	1.07 g/ml
Relative density	1.07 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)
Solubility- non-water	*No data available.*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	*No data available.*

Autoignition temperature	*No data available.*
Decomposition temperature	*No data available.*
Viscosity	20,000 mPa-s
Molecular weight	*No data available.*
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	3.1 g/l [*Details:*when used as intended with Part A]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	0.3 % [*Details:*when used as intended with Part A]
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	319 g/l [*Test Method:*tested per EPA method 24] [*Details:*as supplied]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Conditions to avoid
Heat.
Sparks and/or flames.
Heat is generated during cure. Do not cure a mass larger than 50 grams in a confined space to prevent a premature exothermic reaction with production of intense heat and smoke.

10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerisation may occur.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Amines.
Reducing agents.
Reactive metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation
Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact
Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.
Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye contact
Corrosive (eye burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion
May be harmful if swallowed.
Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Acrylate oligomer	Dermal	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylate oligomer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
4-Methoxyphenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,600 mg/kg
Phenothiazine	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Phenothiazine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,370 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	similar compounds	Irritant
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Phenothiazine	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value

PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	similar compounds	Severe irritant
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Phenothiazine	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitising
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitising
Acrylate oligomer	Guinea pig	Not classified
4-Methoxyphenol	Guinea pig	Sensitising
Phenothiazine	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Photosensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Phenothiazine	Human	Sensitising

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Acrylate oligomer	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Phenothiazine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Phenothiazine	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation

Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Phenothiazine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	21 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system | heart | endocrine system | liver | immune system | nervous system | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	41 days
Phenothiazine	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Dog	NOAEL 18 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Phenothiazine	Ingestion	heart | endocrine system | liver | kidney and/or bladder | respiratory system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 67 mg/kg/day	13 weeks

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Exposure Levels
Refer Section **8.1 Control Parameters** of this Safety Data Sheet.

Interactive Effects
Not determined.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:
GHS Acute 3: Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:
GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	227 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	380 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	710 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	24.1 mg/l
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	160 mg/l
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Green algae	Endpoint not reached	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.05 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	710 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	380 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	227 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	24.1 mg/l
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	160 mg/l
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			

2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	52628-03-2		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	28.5 mg/l
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	2.2 mg/l
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	54.7 mg/l
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	2.96 mg/l
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.68 mg/l
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.154 mg/l
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.597 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	95 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	7-12 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	81 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	70 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	52628-03-2	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	86 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	868-77-9	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.47	Other methods
Acrylate oligomer	41637-38-1	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	6.6	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor

Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	Estimated Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.97	Other methods
PHENOXYETHYL METHACRYLATE	10595-06-9	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	5.8	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	52628-03-2	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	1.58	Other methods
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	660	

12.4. Mobility in soil
Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects
No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. If no other disposal options are available, waste product that has been completely cured or polymerized may be placed in a landfill properly designed for industrial waste.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport
UN No.: UN3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Acrylate oligomer)
Class/Division: 9
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: III
Special Instructions: Australian Dangerous Goods Code: Not subject to this code as per Special Provision AU01
Hazchem Code: •3Z
IERG: 47

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport
UN No.: UN3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Acrylate oligomer)
Class/Division: 9

Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: III
Special Instructions: Not restricted, as per Special Provision A197, Environmentally Hazardous Substance Exception may apply

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport
UN No.: UN3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. , (Acrylate oligomer)
Class/Division: 9
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: III
Marine Pollutant: Acrylate oligomer
Special Instructions: Not restricted, as per IMDG Code 2.10.2.7, Marine Pollutant Exception may apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Australian Inventory Status:
The chemical components contained within this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and are in compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 as amended.

Poison Schedule: This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:
Updates to several SDS sections. We encourage you to reread the SDS and review the information.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.
Greenguard ® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

3M Australia SDSs are available at www.3m.com.au