

Hazardous Substance, Dangerous Goods

1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: 989-85808 501/9 Silicone Sealer

Synonyms: 501/9 Silicone Sealer

Product Code 98985808 Bar Code

Recommended use: Coating for use on mineral substrates.

| Supplier: | Dulux Australia, a division of DuluxGroup (Australia) Pty Ltd | Dulux New Zealand, a division of DuluxGroup (New Zealand) Pty Ltd |
|-----------------|--|--|
| ABN: | 67 000 049 427 | 55 133 404 118 / Co. 2355191 |
| Street Address: | 1956 Dandenong Road | 150 Hutt Park Road |
| | Clayton VIC 3168 | Lower Hutt |
| | Australia | New Zealand |
| Telephone: | 13 25 25 | 0800 800 424 |

Emergency telephone number: Australia – 1800 033 111

New Zealand - 0800 734 607

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to health criteria of Safe Work Australia.

Hazard Category:

Xi Irritant

Risk Phrase(s):

| Flammable. |
|---|
| Irritating to skin. |
| Risk of serious damage to eyes. |
| Harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |
| |

Safety Phrase(s):

| S1/2: | Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. |
|------------|--|
| S24/25: | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |
| S29: | Do not empty into drains. |
| S36/37/39: | Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. |
| S45: | In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label whenever possible). |

Poisons Schedule (Aust): Not applicable

DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

Class: 3 Flammable Liquid

Product name: 989-85808 501/9 Silicone Sealer



3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

| CHEMICAL ENTITY | CAS NO. | PROPORTION | |
|--|---|---|--|
| *Polydimethylsiloxane compound Trimethoxy (2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)silane Acetic acid Tetraethyl silicate Methanol | 67923-07-3 34396-03-7 64-19-7 78-10-4 67-56-1 | 30 - 60% 10 - 30% 1 - 10% 1 - 10% <1% | |
| | | 100% | |

*Compound is Polydimethylsiloxane (((3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl)silylidyne)tris(oxy)tris-,methoxy-terminated.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If breathing laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a facemask. If breathing has stopped apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice.

Skin contact: For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble). For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye contact: Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport to hospital or medical centre.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards: Flammable liquid. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Flameproof equipment necessary in area where this chemical is being used. Nearby equipment must be earthed. Electrical requirements for work area should be assessed according to AS3000. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke.



Fire fighting further advice: If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

Hazchem Code: •3Y

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred fire-fighting medium. If material is involved in a fire use alcohol resistant foam, standard foam or dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Allow absorbent to dry before disposing with normal household garbage.

LARGE SPILLS

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Use a spark-free shovel. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Dangerous Goods – Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 14

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Dangerous Good Class 3 Flammable Liquid as per the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

National occupational exposure limits: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia or Department of Labour New Zealand.

However for:

| | τv | VA | ST | EL | CARCINOGEN | NOTICES |
|-------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|------------|---------|
| | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | CATEGORY | |
| Acetic acid | 10 | 25 | 15 | 37 | - | - |
| Methanol | 200 | 262 | 250 | 328 | - | Sk |

As published by the Safe Work Australia or Department of Labour New Zealand.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

`Sk' Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

Biological Limit Values: As per the "National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)" the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

Engineering measures: Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use with local exhaust ventilation or while wearing appropriate respirator. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Personal protection equipment: H: OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.

Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Hygiene measures: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form / Colour / Odour: Yellow liquid with a slight, vinegar odour.

| Specific Gravity (20 °C):1.0Relative Vapour Density (air=1):>1Vapour Pressure (20 °C):N.1Flash Point (°C):25Flammability Limits (%):N.1Autoignition Temperature (°C):32% Volatile by Volume:N.1Melting Point/Range (°C):N.1Boiling Point/Range (°C):N.1Decomposition Point (°C):N.1pH:N.1 | Av Av 0 Av Av Av Av Av Av |
|---|---|
|---|---|

(Typical values only - consult specification sheet) N Av = Not available N App = Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No reactivity hazards are known for the material.

Chemical stability: This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes. Acetic acid, formaldehyde and methanol.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

Inhalation: Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapour can result in headaches, dizziness and possible nausea.

Skin contact: Contact with skin will result in irritation.

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.



Eye contact: A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes: contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.

Long Term Effects: No information available for product.

Acute toxicity / Chronic toxicity:

No LD50 data available for the product. However data based on a similar product suggests that following ingestion, hydrolysis of the product may occur, producing methanol. Acute methanol poisoning causes effects such as those observed for alcohol, except methanol exposure can lead to permanent damage to the central nervous system and the optic nerve in the eyes.

Exposure to methanol from skin contact, inhalation or swallowing, at concentrations greater than 1,000 ppm can result in permanent central nervous system damage and blindness.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Ecotoxicity: No information available.

Persistence and degradability: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

| UN No: | 1993 |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Dangerous Goods Class: | 3 Flammable Liquid |
| Packing Group: | III |
| Hazchem Code: | •3Y |
| Emergency Response Guide No: | 14 |

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS TETRAETHYL SILICATE)

Segregation Dangerous Goods: Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable gases (Class 2.1), if both are in bulk, toxic gases (Class 2.3), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7), however exemptions may apply.

Product name: 989-85808 501/9 Silicone Sealer



MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

UN No:19Dangerous Goods Class:31Packing Group:III

1993 3 Flammable Liquid

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS TETRAETHYL SILICATE)

AIR TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

| UN No: | 1993 |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| Dangerous Goods Class: | 3 Flammable Liquid |
| Packing Group: | 111 |

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS TETRAETHYL SILICATE)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances) The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)

This material is subject to the following international agreements:

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

• Wastes from production, formulation and use of inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers, varnish

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

• Annex III - Harmful Substances carried in Packaged Form

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

• All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).



16. OTHER INFORMATION

Literary reference

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Chemical Data Services Pty Ltd (chemdata.com.au) on behalf of its client.

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revision Change in Hazardous Substance Classification Format change Minor Text Changes.

Material Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

This MSDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Since DuluxGroup (Australia) Pty Ltd and DuluxGroup (New Zealand) Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for product as sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.