Safety Data Sheet

Hazardous Substance, NON-Dangerous Goods

1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: 499-H0172 Flexituff DM-8 Part A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Synonyms:</th>
<th>Product Code</th>
<th>Bar Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dulux Flexituff DM-8 Part A, 225kg</td>
<td>499H0172-225KG</td>
<td>9300611565471</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended use: Part A of a polyurethane coating system.

Supplier: Dulux Protective Coatings Australia, a division of DuluxGroup (Australia) Pty Ltd
ABN: 67 000 049 427
Street Address: 1956 Dandenong Road Clayton VIC 3168 Australia
Telephone: 13 23 77

Emergency telephone number: Australia – 1800 033 111 New Zealand – 0800 734 607

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to health criteria of Safe Work Australia.

Signal Word
Danger

Hazard Classification
Acute Toxicity – Inhalation – Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation – Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation – Category 2A
Sensitisation – Respiratory – Category 1A
Sensitisation – Skin – Category 1A
Carcinogenicity – Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) – Category 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) – Category 2

Hazard Statement(s)
H315 Causes skin irritation
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H322 Harmful if inhaled
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335 May cause respiratory irritation
H351 Suspected of causing cancer
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Prevention Precautionary Statement(s)
P102 Keep out of reach of children
P103 Read label before use
P201 Obtain special instructions before use
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours or spray
P264 Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable respirator as required
P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Response Precautionary Statement(s)
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P304+341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P342+311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician
P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
P337+313 If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention

Storage Precautionary Statement(s)
P405 Store locked up
P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal Precautionary Statement(s)
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations

Poisons Schedule (Aust): Not applicable

DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the “Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail” and the “New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land”.

Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements.

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL ENTITY</th>
<th>CAS NO.</th>
<th>PROPORTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyisocyanate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>30 - 60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diphenylmethane-4,4-diisocyanate</td>
<td>101-68-8</td>
<td>30 - 60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diphenylmethane-4,4-diisocyanate, polymeric</td>
<td>9016-87-9</td>
<td>10 - 30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diphenylmethane-2,4-diisocyanate</td>
<td>5873-54-1</td>
<td>1 - 10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

100%
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If breathing laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a facemask. If breathing has stopped apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice.

**Skin contact:** If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a Doctor; or for 15 minutes and transport to Doctor or Hospital.

**Eye contact:** If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a Doctor; or for at least 15 minutes and transport to Doctor or Hospital.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

**PPE for First Aiders:** Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

**Notes to physician:** Treat symptomatically. Effects may be delayed.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Hazchem Code:** Not applicable.

**Suitable extinguishing media:** If material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

**Specific hazards:** Combustible material.

**Fire fighting further advice:** On burning may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILLS
Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Allow absorbent to dry before disposing with normal household garbage.

LARGE SPILLS
Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Slippery when split. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.


7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and transport requirements.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

National occupational exposure limits: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia or Department of Labour New Zealand.

However for:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Isocyanates, all (as NCO)</th>
<th>TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>STEL (ppm)</th>
<th>CARCINOGEN CATEGORY</th>
<th>NOTICES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As published by the Safe Work Australia or Department of Labour New Zealand.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

‘Sen’ notice - sensitiser. The substance can cause a specific immune response in some people. An affected individual may subsequently react to exposure to minute levels of that substance.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.
If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

**Biological Limit Values:** As per the “National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)” the following ingredients in this material requires Health Surveillance: Isocyanates.

**Engineering measures:** Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use with local exhaust ventilation or while wearing air supplied mask. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. DO NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected. Keep containers closed when not in use.

**Personal protection equipment:** I: OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, FACE SHIELD OR AIR MASK AND GLOVES.

Wear overalls, safety shoes, face shield and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists, wear air-supplied mask meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

**Hygiene measures:** Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Form / Colour / Odour:** Liquid.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Insoluble in water. Soluble in organic solvents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density (20 °C):</td>
<td>1.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Vapour Density (air=1):</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure (20 °C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point (°C):</td>
<td>&gt;100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability Limits (%):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature (°C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Volatile by Volume:</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point/Range (°C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point/Range (°C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Point (°C):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH:</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity (40 °C):</td>
<td>&gt;21 mm²/sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total VOC (g/Litre):</td>
<td>N Av</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Typical values only - consult specification sheet)

N Av = Not available  
N App = Not applicable

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** No reactivity hazards are known for the material.

**Chemical stability:** This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.
Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Incompatible with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis, amines, alcohols and water.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

Inhalation: Material is an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. A respiratory sensitiser. Can cause possible allergic reactions.

Skin contact: Contact with skin will result in irritation. A skin sensitiser. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to allergic contact dermatitis.

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

Eye contact: An eye irritant.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: This material has been classified as a Category 4 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 10 - 20 mg/L

Skin contact: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Ingestion: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Corrosion/Irritancy: Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 2A Hazard (reversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard (irritant to skin).

Sensitisation:
Inhalation: this material has been classified as a Category 1A Hazard (respiratory sensitiser). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 1A Hazard (skin sensitiser).

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as a Category 3 Hazard. Exposure via inhalation may result in respiratory irritation.

Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard. Exposure via inhalation may result in effects on the lungs.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: No information is available to complete an assessment.

Long-term aquatic hazard: No information is available to complete an assessment.

Ecotoxicity: No information available.

Persistence and degradability: No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: Product cures on contact with air. Low mobility in soil once product is cured.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see “Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection” of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the “Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail” and the “New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land”.

MARINE TRANSPORT
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

AIR TRANSPORT
Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances)
The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)
The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)
Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

- All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Chemical Data Services Pty Ltd (chemdata.com.au) on behalf of its client.

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue.

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

This SDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Since DuluxGroup (Australia) Pty Ltd and DuluxGroup (New Zealand) Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for product as sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available upon request.